

Moreland & Fleischer - Review Sheet # 13 (for Units 9-18): Result & Special Relative Clauses

- 1). Name THREE things you would expect to see in or in the vicinity of a result clause:

- 2). How does the perfect subjunctive slightly alter the employment of sequence of tenses for result clauses?

- 3). How does one introduce a negative purpose clause (Unit 3)? a negative result clause?

- 4). List FIVE "so" words (with translations) that one commonly finds before the beginning of a result clause:

- 5). What is a substantive result clause? Name the five verbs/expressions you know that can take such a construction:

- 6). What is a relative clause of characteristic? Name at least TWO ways in which they differ from "ordinary" relative clauses:

- 7). List FIVE of the most common indefinite and less vague antecedent phrases one often sees before the beginning of a relative clause of characteristic:

- 8). Relative clauses of result are essentially the result of the combination of what two types of clause?

- 9). Purpose clauses can occasionally be introduced by words other than *ut* or *ne*. Name THREE other words/types of words that can perform this function:

- 10). Translate: *Villa tam vetus erat ut nemo nostrum eam ingredi cupidus esset*. What type of subordinate clause does this sentence contain? Give the syntax of *nostrum*.

- 11). Translate: *Puellae tam saeve clamabunt ut servi e tecto Carthaginem fugiant*. Give the syntax of *Carthaginem*.
- 12). Translate: *Heri accidit ut quinque nuntii alieni ad tuum patrem venerint*. What type of subordinate clause does this sentence contain? Describe the implications of the form *venerint*.
- 13). Translate: *Nihil est quin laetiori homini placeat*. What sort of subordinate clause does this sentence contain?
- 14). Translate: *Catullusne erat qui ad amicam Lesbiam litteras amantes mitteret?* What sort of subordinate clause does this sentence contain? Give the syntax of *amantes*.
- 15). Translate: *Quis est tam caecus qui orientis solis radios non sentiat?* What sort of subordinate clause does this sentence contain?
- 16). Translate: *Fortiter egi quo decorius laudarer*. What type of subordinate clause does this sentence contain? Give the syntax of *fortiter* and *decorius*.
- 17). Translate: *Naves inveni sub quibus nautae territi se ipsos celavissent*. What type of subordinate clause does this sentence contain?
- 18). Translate: *Tandem montem vidisti unde prima luce adulescentes acri verba clamata audivissent*. What type of subordinate clause does this sentence contain?