

Econ 522a

Conditional Forecasting Variances

$$\begin{aligned}
 Var(e_f) &= Var(X_f\beta - \hat{X}_f\hat{\beta}) + Var(u_f) + \underbrace{2Cov[(X_f\beta - \hat{X}_f\hat{\beta}), u_f]}_0 \\
 &= Var(X_f\beta - \hat{X}_f\hat{\beta}) + \sigma_u^2
 \end{aligned} \tag{1}$$

$$X_f\beta - \hat{X}_f\hat{\beta} = (X_f - \hat{X}_f)\beta + X_f(\beta - \hat{\beta}) + (\hat{X}_f - X_f)(\beta - \hat{\beta}) \tag{2}$$

therefore,

$$\begin{aligned}
 Var(X_f\beta - \hat{X}_f\hat{\beta}) &= \underbrace{Var[(X_f - \hat{X}_f)\beta]}_{(3a)} + \underbrace{Var[X_f(\beta - \hat{\beta})]}_{(3b)} \\
 &\quad + \underbrace{Var[(\hat{X}_f - X_f)(\beta - \hat{\beta})]}_{(3c)} \\
 &\quad + \underbrace{2Cov[(X_f - \hat{X}_f)\beta, X_f(\beta - \hat{\beta})]}_{(3d)} \\
 &\quad + \underbrace{2Cov[(X_f - \hat{X}_f)\beta, (\hat{X}_f - X_f)(\beta - \hat{\beta})]}_{(3e)} \\
 &\quad + \underbrace{2Cov[X_f(\beta - \hat{\beta}), (\hat{X}_f - X_f)(\beta - \hat{\beta})]}_{(3f)}
 \end{aligned} \tag{3}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Var} \left[(X_f - \hat{X}_f) \beta \right] &= E \left[\beta' (X_f - \hat{X}_f)' (X_f - \hat{X}_f) \beta \right] \\
&= \beta' E \left[(X_f - \hat{X}_f)' (X_f - \hat{X}_f) \right] \beta \\
&= \beta' \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \beta
\end{aligned} \tag{3a}$$

Conditioning on X_f yields

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Var} \left[X_f (\beta - \hat{\beta}) \right] &= E \left[X_f (\beta - \hat{\beta}) (\beta - \hat{\beta})' X_f' \right] \\
&= X_f E \left[(\beta - \hat{\beta}) (\beta - \hat{\beta})' \right] X_f' \\
&= X_f \Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} X_f'
\end{aligned} \tag{3b}$$

where $\Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} = \text{Var}(\hat{\beta}) = \sigma_u^2 (X'X)^{-1}$.

$$\begin{aligned}
\text{Var} \left[(\hat{X}_f - X_f) (\beta - \hat{\beta}) \right] &= E \left\{ \left[(\hat{X}_f - X_f) (\beta - \hat{\beta}) \right] \left[(\hat{X}_f - X_f) (\beta - \hat{\beta}) \right]' \right\} \\
&= E \text{tr} \left[\underbrace{(\hat{X}_f - X_f)}_A \underbrace{(\beta - \hat{\beta}) (\beta - \hat{\beta})'}_B (\hat{X}_f - X_f)' \right] \\
&= E \text{tr} \left[\underbrace{(\beta - \hat{\beta}) (\beta - \hat{\beta})'}_B \underbrace{(\hat{X}_f - X_f)' (\hat{X}_f - X_f)}_A \right] \\
&= \text{tr} \left\{ E \left[(\beta - \hat{\beta}) (\beta - \hat{\beta})' \right] \cdot E \left[(\hat{X}_f - X_f)' (\hat{X}_f - X_f) \right] \right\} \\
&= \text{tr} \left[\Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} \cdot \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \right]
\end{aligned} \tag{3c}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Cov \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta, X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] &= E \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] \\
&= E \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta X_f \right] \cdot E \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \\
&= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{3d}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
Cov \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta, \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] &= E \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] \\
&= E \left[\left(X_f - \hat{X}_f \right) \beta \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \right] \cdot E \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \\
&= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{3e}$$

Conditioning on X_f , yields

$$\begin{aligned}
Cov \left[X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right), \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] &= E \left[X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] \\
&= E \operatorname{tr} \left[\underbrace{X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right)}_A \underbrace{\left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right)}_B \right] \\
&= E \operatorname{tr} \left[\underbrace{\left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right)}_B \underbrace{\left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right)}_A \right] \\
&= \operatorname{tr} \left\{ E \left[\left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) X_f \left(\beta - \hat{\beta} \right) \right] \cdot E \left(\hat{X}_f - X_f \right) \right\} \\
&= 0
\end{aligned} \tag{3f}$$

After making appropriate substitutions in (3) and (1), one obtains

$$\begin{aligned}
\operatorname{Var} (e_f) &= \beta' \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \beta + X_f \Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} X_f' + \operatorname{tr} \left[\Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} \cdot \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \right] + \sigma_u^2 \\
&= \beta' \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \beta + \sigma_u^2 \left[X_f (X'X)^{-1} X_f' + 1 \right] + \operatorname{tr} \left[\Sigma_{\hat{\beta}} \cdot \Sigma_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \right]. \tag{4}
\end{aligned}$$

Note that $Var(e_f) > \sigma_u^2 [X_f (X'X)^{-1} X_f' + 1]$, i.e. the variance of the forecast error when X_f is unknown exceeds the variance of the forecast error when X_f is known.

In practice one would use

$$\hat{\sigma}_{ef}^2 = \hat{\beta}' \hat{\Sigma}_{\hat{X}_f - X_f} \hat{\beta} + \hat{\sigma}_u^2 [\hat{X}_f (X'X)^{-1} \hat{X}_f' + 1] + \text{tr} [\hat{\Sigma}_{\hat{\beta}} \cdot \hat{\Sigma}_{\hat{X}_f - X_f}]$$